绿叶甘檀拉丁名正名及其它

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NOMENCLATURAL NOTES ON LINDERA NEESIANA (NEES) KURZ AND ITS ALLY

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关键词 绿叶甘檀; 命名

Key words Lindera neesiana; Nomenclature

作者在研究山胡椒属时发现公布于泥泊尔及不丹的 Lindera neesiana 实际上就是绿叶甘橿,但其著者名一直较混乱,现经考证澄清。正确写法应为 Lindera neesiana (Nees) Kurz,本文将 L. fruticosa Hemsl.第一次做为它的异名。

绿叶甘檀

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A: 103. 1875, Appened. B:74 (in clavi); For. Fl. Brit. Burma 2: 309. 1877.

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1974.

模式标本 (Type): Napual, Mr. Wallich 1821 (K).

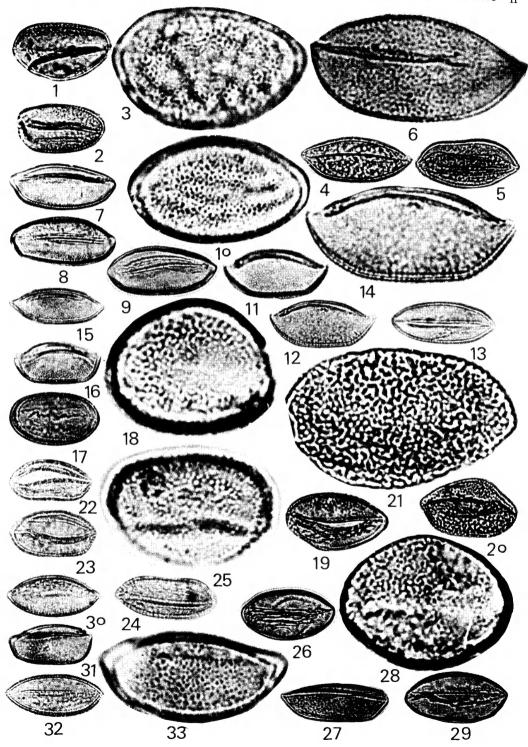
波密钓樟与绿叶甘橿相比,其叶小而狭,狭卵形,第一对侧脉与第二对侧脉 更接近,果实较小,通常直径 4毫米,植株各部有极浓的柠檬香味,因此提升为种的等级。

波密钓樟

Lindera pomiensis (Tsui) Tsui, stat. nov.—L. fruticosa Hemsl. var. pomiensis Tsui in Acta Phytotax. Sin. 16(4): 65. 1978 et in Li, Fl. RPS 31: 413. 1982.

模式标本 (Type); 青藏队 (Exped. Qinghai-Xizang) 74-4979(PE).

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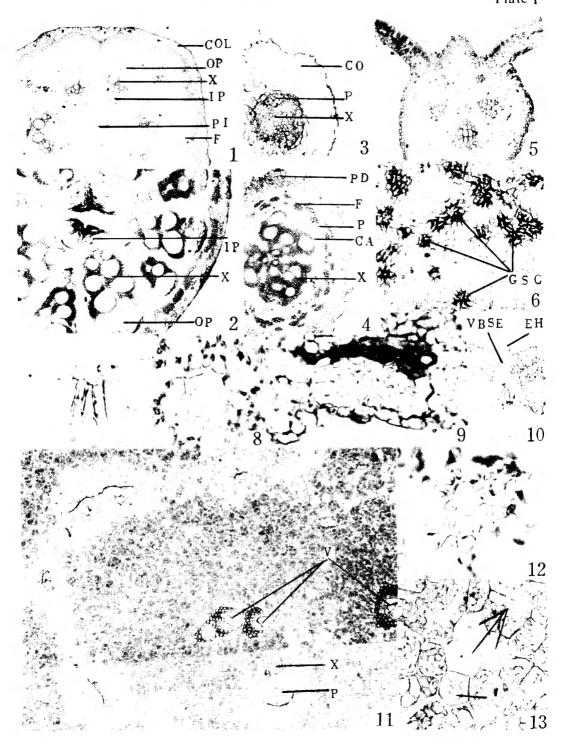


韦仲新: 重楼属花粉形态的研究

图版Ⅲ

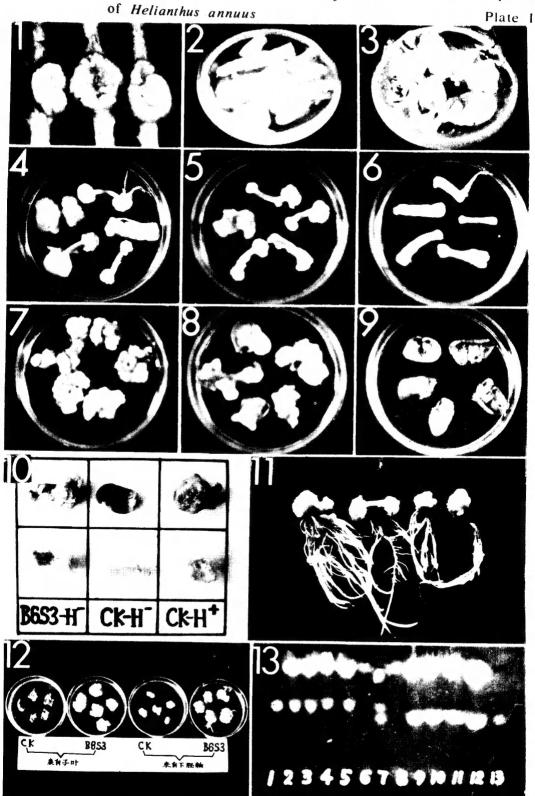
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Zhang Zhenjue et al.: The Structure of Nutritive Organs in Siraitia grosvenorii Plate I



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Agrobactg Agrobacterium tume factens in Cultured Explants



Zou Jitao et al.: Studies on protoplast Regeration of Dianthus caryophyllus Plate I

Fig. 1. Freshly isolated carnation protoplasts; Fig. 2. First unequal division; Fig. 3. Clusters consisted of 8-10 cells; Fig. 4. Calli derived from protoplasts. 1. 刚刚游离的原生质体第一次分裂; 2. 培养 3 天后的原生质体第一次分裂; 3. 3 周后原生质体培养得到的细胞团; 4. 转移到固体培养基上的来自于原生质体培养的愈伤组织。